REMARKS:

- Please enter the enclosed Substitute Specification and Abstract 1) (clean version) to replace the original Specification Abstract. The enclosed marked-up version of the Substitute Specification and Abstract shows all the changes relative to the prior version of record. The Substitute Specification includes no new matter. The originally filed literal translation of the corresponding German text of the PCT international application has been revised in an editorial manner. The editorial revisions avoid the effects of a literal translation and are supported by the context and by the disclosure of original Figure 2 showing that the control circuit 2.2 is part of the cover 2. Thus, the editorial revisions do not contain any new matter. Further, the editorial revisions conform the terminology used specification to the terminology now used in new US claims 23 to Entry of the editorial revisions into the specification is respectfully requested.
- The Replacement Sheet of drawings does not show any "closed loop" because this term is no longer used in the new US claims 23 to 33.
- The new claims 23 to 33 are based on the original claims and on the original disclosure particularly Fig. 2 and page 3 lines 18 and 19 of the specification. This original disclosure shows that the control module, namely the control circuit 2.2, is embodied so that it forms the lid or cover of the electromechanical sub-

assembly. This feature is now emphasized in independent claim 23. The new claims are based on the original claims approximately as follows.

new claims	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
original claims	1 + 17 p.3,1.18 + 19 and Fig.2	2	3 or 13	4 or 14	5 or 15	6 or 16	8 or 18	10 or 20	11 or 21	12 or 22	Fig.2

The new claims do not contain any new matter. Entry of the new claims is respectfully requested.

- Referring to sections 3 and 4 on page 3 of the Office Action, the rejection of claims 1, 2 and 13 to 22 under 35 U.S.C. § 112(2) is respectfully traversed. The new claims have been drafted to avoid the pitfalls of a literal translation. The new claims 23 to 33 avoid the rejection on formal grounds. Further, as stated above, the formation of a closed loop is no longer part of the claims. Withdrawal of the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112(2) is respectfully requested.
- Referring to sections 5 and 6 on pages 3, 4 and 5 of the Office Action, the rejection of claims 1 and 2 and 13 to 22 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by US Patent 5,941,282 (Suzuki et al.) is respectfully traversed for the following reasons.

- 6) New claim 23 makes it clear that the present sub-assembly comprises a cover 2 which in turn comprises the electrical control circuit 2.2 forming (together with the cover) a control module for controlling the at least one electrically controllable component (6).
- Contrary to the invention as claimed in new claim 23 and in claims 24 to 33 depending from claim 23, Suzuki et al. clearly show that the circuit board 50 with its integrated circuit components IC is a separate item not forming an integral part of the cover 70. Therefore, Suzuki et al. cannot anticipate present claims 23 to 33. Withdrawal of the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) is respectfully requested.
- With regard to present claim 24, previously claim 2, assuming that the printed circuit board 50 of Suzuki et al. is made of an electrically non-conducting material, then the Examiner's position is true that the housing 30 of Suzuki et al. literally "contains an electrically non-conducting material". However, Suzuki et al. do not disclose that the housing 30 itself comprises an electrically non-conducting or insulating material.
- 9) With regard to claim 25 (previously claim 13) the Office Action admits that Suzuki et al. do not show any "pressed screen". In this connection the term "pressed screen" was a literal translation of the German term "Stanzgitter". A more appropriate translation is "stamped grid" or "stamped grid structure" as now set forth in claim 25. The grid structure is electrically

- conducting and Suzuki et al. do not show anything in this respect.
- 10) With regard to claim 26 (previously claim 14) no independent protection is intended for merely a general body that has a cuboidal shape or has rectangular sides.
- 11) With regard to claim 27 (previously claim 15) Suzuki et al. do not show any connection of three modular components to each other as claimed in present claim 27. Suzuki et al. merely disclose that the valve assembly 40 is connected by screws 42 passing through holes 41 to the housing 30. The holes 51 in the printed circuit board 50 are for passing through electrical conductors, please see column 3 last paragraph to column 4 first paragraph of the Suzuki et al. disclosure. Suzuki et al. disclose that the circuit board 50 and the valves 10, 12 are mounted in the housing The housing 30 is closed on top by the cover 70 and the 30. bottom of the housing 30 is closed by the valve body 20. et al. do not disclose the concept of integrating the control circuit with the cover, nor the concept of providing different types of holes for different connecting purposes.
- 12) With regard to claim 28 (previously claim 16), Suzuki et al. do not disclose any of the features claimed in combination in present claim 28 because the printed circuit board 50 carrying the integrated circuit IC cannot be made of a "metalliferous material". That is so, because any printed circuit IC is inoperable when it is printed on a conducting board due to short

- circuits caused by the conducting board. The present printed circuit board (2.3) is made of an electrically insulating material which is integrated to or secured to the metallic cover 2 which simultaneously functions as a cooling element for the printed circuits 2.2. No such structure is shown by Suzuki et al.
- 13) With regard to claim 29, Suzuki et al. do not show any sensors much less sensors as part of the support module (3). Actuators for the electromagnetic valves 10 of Suzuki et al. are also not disclosed by Suzuki et al.
- 14) With regard to claim 30, no independent protection is sought for a waterproof housing.
- 15) The closed loop feature of claims 18 and 19 has been canceled.
- 16) With regard to claim 31, no independent protection is sought for an electrical connector as shown at 33 in the Suzuki et al. disclosure. Similarly, no independent protection is sought for the features of present claims 32 and 33.

[RESPONSE CONTINUES ON NEXT PAGE]

17) Favorable reconsideration and allowance of the application, including all present claims 23 to 33, are respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted, Hermann PIRNER et al.

Applicant

WFF:he/4883
Enclosures:
Transmittal Cover Sheet
Drawing Transmittal
1 Replacement Sheet
Sub. Spec. marked-up version
Sub. Spec. clean version

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING:

I hereby certify that this correspondence with all indicated enclosures is being deposited with the U. S. Postal Service with sufficient postage as first-class mail, in an envelope addressed to: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS, P.O. BOX 1450, ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450 on the date indicated below.

Name: Walter F. Fasse - Date: September 13, 2006

In the Drawings:

Please replace the originally filed Drawing Sheet having Figures 1 and 2 with the enclosed "Replacement Sheet". Reference number 5 designates a symbolically shown sensor in Figs. 1 and 2 of the enclosed Replacement Sheet. New matter is not involved because the sensor 5 has been disclosed on page 6 line 2 of the original specification.

[RESPONSE CONTINUES ON NEXT PAGE]

SEP 1 8 2006

Docket No. 4883 App. No. 10/540,000

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION AND ABSTRACT (Marked-Up Version)

Description

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Title of the Invention

Electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to an electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly of electronic and mechanical components according to the preamble of patent claim 1.

Background Information

Sub-assemblies Subassemblies, which are produced and distributed as intermediates, as a rule are equipped with customized specific features. In case of sub-assemblies subassemblies with electronic components these are e.g. the electrical connection device of the electronic component, via which the electronic component is connected by means of a customized connection element for instance to a power supply or to a control device assigned to the electronic sub-assembly subassembly.

In this case adaptation of the sub-assembly subassembly to the customized features in its production results in that several

housings differing for instance in said electrical connection devices, must be produced for receiving the electronic component. Thus, the number of the housings to be produced identically is reduced, whereby the production costs for the sub-assembly subassembly highly increase.

Summary of the Invention

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It is the object of the invention to indicate an electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly, in which the housing is embodied to be compatible [[to]] with different housing variants in terms of its internal and external contact terminals and which even though nevertheless can be produced at low costs. Moreover, the components and partial components pertaining to forming part of the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly should [[to]] be combinable as compact as possible.

This object [[can be]] has been achieved in accordance with the invention by an electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly with the features of patent claim 1. set forth herein.

Accordingly, an electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly is provided with a cover constructed as a control module equipped with first contacts, a mechanical module with second contacts, a support module for fixing securing the control module cover and the mechanical module, module to the support module, said support module comprising first terminals for contacting the first contacts, second terminals for contacting the second contacts and

at least one connection device <u>or electrical connector</u> for contacting the electromechanical sub-assembly <u>subassembly</u>.

The present electromechanical sub-assembly embodied subassembly constructed in this way can be produced at low costs, [[as]] because the support module forming the housing can be simply produced with different terminals or electrical connecting structures such as female and male connector strips. Here, the The cover forming the control module, the mechanical module and the support module are combined in compact manner, whereby for example maintenance works can be easily performed.

Advantageous embodiments and further improvements can be taken from the sub claims and the description taken in conjunction with the drawing.

In a further embodiment of the invention it is provided that the support module forms a body, into which pressed stamped screens or grids are incorporated. These pressed stamped screens or grids form the electrical connections within the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly, i.e. between the at least one connection device, electrical connector, the first terminals and the second terminals. Here, the The support module is manufactured of an electrically non-conductive material.

In a further improvement of the invention it is provided that the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly composed of the cover control module, the mechanical module and the support module

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comprises an approximately cuboidal structural shape. In the corners of the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly four recesses or holes for joining elements, e. g. screws, are placed. Two of the recesses are embodied as a screwing threaded hole for interconnecting the cover control module, the mechanical module and the support module. The other two recesses are embodied as a fixing hole for fixing securing the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly for example to a truck.

The <u>cover</u> control module consists <u>is made</u> of a <u>thermal thermally</u> conductive metal, onto which a circuit arrangement comprising the first contacts is mounted.

The control module is embodied such that it forms the lid <u>or cover</u> of the electromechanical sub-assembly <u>subassembly</u>.

In a further improvement of the invention it is provided that in the mechanical module [[actors]] actuators and sensors are arranged, which form a closed loop control circuit.

The electronic control of the closed loop <u>control circuit</u> is advantageously <u>arranged included</u> in the circuit arrangement of the <u>cover</u> control module.

In a further improvement of the invention it is provided that the <u>cover</u> control module, the mechanical module and the support module in their assembled state form a housing which is waterproof towards periphery.

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In a typical embodiment of the invention at least one of the connection devices or electrical connectors forms an external terminal of the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly.

In a typical embodiment of the invention the terminals and contacts respectively form a terminal block or a contact block female and male connector strips, wherein a respective contact block female connector strip can be assembled with the terminal block associated [[to it]] male connector strip in accordance with the key-lock-principle.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention is explained in detail in the following text taken in conjunction with the examples of example embodiment indicated illustrated in the figures of the drawing. drawing, wherein:

Fig. 1 shows a view of the composed assembled electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly comprising the cover control module, the mechanical module and the support module, and

Fig. 2 shows [[a]] an exploded view of the individual electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly components comprising the cover control module, the mechanical module and the support module.

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In all figures of the drawing like or function like elements and parts as far as not noted otherwise refer to identical reference numerals.

<u>Detailed Description of a Preferred Example Embodiment and of the Best Mode of the Invention</u>

[[In]] Fig. 1 shows the completely assembled components of the present electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 is shown, which comprises comprising a cover control module 2, a support module [[4]] 3 and a mechanical module [[3]] 4. The electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 serves for controlling the pressure of a pneumatic facility system of a truck.

[[With]] In this embodiment [[in]] the mechanical module 4 is made of cast aluminum sensors a contained, which aluminum. Sensors 5 secured for example to the support 3, measure the pneumatic pressure [[in]] of the facility pneumatic system. Moreover, an [[actor]] actuator 6 is contained in the mechanical module, which module 4. The actuator 6 is embodied as a valve, which allows [[the]] compressed air to deflate. be vented.

At the support module 3 a A connection device such as an electrical connector 3.3 is embodied, via which secured to the support module 3. The electrical connector 3.3 connects all electronic components of the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 are connected to a power supply, and via which

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supply. The connector 3.3 also connects the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly is connected 1 to further electrical components of the truck, i.e. a compressor not shown. The support module 3 was manufactured by plastics spraying an injection molding method using a synthetic material which is electrically non-conductive. The connection device electrical connector 3.3 is embodied made in accordance with the specifications of the truck manufacturer.

2 shows the components 2, 3 and 4 of electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1. are shown. The cover control module 2, the support module 3 and the mechanical module 4 are interconnected by screws 8, which are formed pass through respective holes 9.1 at two opposite corners of the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 which [[is]] has substantially rectangular sides. For this purpose two screwing of the holes 9.1 of a smaller diameter are placed in the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly preferably threads are threaded holes. Preferably, the threaded holes 9.1 for the screws 9 being 8 are placed in the mechanical module 4 as shown. The two remaining corners of the electromechanical sub assembly subassembly comprise fixing through holes 9.2 with a larger suitable diameter, which serve for fixing securing electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 to [[the]] a truck.

The <u>cover with its</u> control module 2 consists <u>is made</u> substantially of an aluminum plate, onto which a plate. A <u>control</u> circuit arrangement 2.2 <u>is arranged</u> on a printed circuit

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board or a ceramic [[body]] plate 2.3 is secured to the inner surface of the cover control module 2. This circuit has been mounted for example [[in]] by SMD technology (surface mounted device) on a printed circuit board basis or [[in]] by a hybrid technology. The control circuit arrangement 2.2 comprises the closed loop control of the pneumatic facility system, for example a proportional closed loop control. Within this closed loop the actual value of the pneumatic pressure determined, as sensed by the sensor 5, is compared with a nominal or rated pressure value which is dependent e.g. from the operating state of the truck. In case the nominal value is exceeded, for instance the [[actor]] actuator 6 formed as a drain constructed as a venting valve is opened, in case of falling opened. If the sensed actual pressure is below the nominal or rated value the compressor of the truck is activated.

The circuit arrangement [[2.1]] 2.2 of the <u>cover</u> control module 2 mounted on the ceramic body 2.3 comprises a first <u>female</u> contact [[block]] <u>strip</u> 2.1, <u>via which with several contacts for connecting</u> the circuit arrangement 2.1 is connected 2.2 to ground, <u>to a supply</u> voltage and <u>to signal lines</u>.

At the mechanical module 4 a A second female contact [[block]] strip 4.1 is formed, via which the actors secured to the mechanical module 4. The contact strip 4.1 has several contacts for connecting the actuators 6 and the sensors 5 are connected to ground, to a supply voltage and to signal lines.

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When installing the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 the first female contact [[block]] strip 2.1 of the cover control module 2 is connected to the first $\underline{\text{male}}$ terminal [[block]] or connector strip 3.1 of the support module 3. Likewise, the second contact [[block]] strip 4.1 of the mechanical module 4 is connected to a second male terminal [[block]] or connector strip 3.2 of the support module $\underline{3}$. first <u>male</u> terminal [[block]] <u>strip</u> 3.1 and the second <u>male</u> terminal [[block]] strip 3.2 are connected to a pressed stamped screen or grid 3.4 cast into embedded in the support module 3, which 3. The grid 3.4 forms the contacts of a connection device 3.3. The connection device 3.3 is formed an electrical connector 3.3 made in accordance with the specifications of the truck manufacturer, wherein a manufacturer. A plug-in device (not shown) can be pushed [[onto]] into the connection device electrical connector 3.3.

For sealing the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly [[(1)]] 1 against penetration of water, grooves can be formed for example in the support module [[(3)]] 3 on the sides facing the cover control module [[(2)]] 2 and the mechanical module (4) one 4. These grooves are circumferential groove each can be formed, into which grooves and an o-ring not shown is inserted. inserted into each groove.

The possibility that only the support module 3 is to be adapted to the customer's need allows that the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly 1 can be produced at low costs. By the

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in easy manner, maintenance works [[at]] on the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly can be simply performed.

In summary, one can say that by means of the electronic <u>control</u> <u>cover</u> <u>sub assembly</u> <u>subassembly</u> <u>2</u> embodied as described, a very high degree of compatibility with the most different <u>sub assembly</u> <u>subassembly</u> variants can be achieved in <u>a</u> very simple, but nevertheless very effective manner, without having to <u>renounce</u> on <u>forego</u> the possibility of a cost-efficient and simple production.

The present invention has been presented based on the above description such that the principle of the invention and its practical application is explained best possible, however, as a matter of course the invention can be realized in diverse other forms of embodiment if modified appropriately.

Although the invention has been described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be appreciated that it is intended to cover all modifications and equivalents within the scope of the appended claims. It should also be understood that the present disclosure includes all possible combinations of any individual features recited in any of the appended claims.

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1.5

- List of reference numerals
- 1 Electromechanical sub assembly
 - 2 Control module
 - 2.1 First contact block
- 5 2.2 Circuit arrangement
 - 2.3 Ceramic body, printed circuit board
 - 3 Support module
 - 3.1 First terminal block
 - 3.2 Second terminal block
- 10 3.3 Connection device
 - 3.4 Pressed screen
 - 4 Mechanical module
 - 4.1 Second contact block
 - 5 Sensors
- 15 6 Actors
 - 7 Pneumatic terminal
 - 8 Screws
 - 9.1 Screwing hole
 - 9.2 Fixing hole

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

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The invention relates to an An electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly comprising has a cover control module equipped with a printed circuit and with first contacts, a mechanical module equipped with second contacts and a support module for fixing securing the cover control module and the mechanical module to the support module. The support module comprises includes first electrical terminals for contacting the first contacts, second electrical terminals for contacting the second contacts and at least one connection device electrical connector for contacting the electromechanical sub-assembly subassembly and the control circuit forming part of the cover.